

# KS2 History Knowledge Organiser - Liverpool

## Selected buildings

The Royal Albert Dock.	International Slavery museum
Merseyside Maritime Museum	Tate Liverpool
The 3 Graces :-	The Beatles Story
The Royal Liver Building	Museum of Liverpool Life
The Cunard Building	30 James Street
The Port of Liverpool Building	M&S Bank Arena
The Pier Head	The Pump House

## Businesses

**Mersey Docks and Harbour Board** – owned and administers the administration of the docks.

**Liverpool Dock Trustees** – owned and managed the docks until 1858 when Mersey Docks and Harbour Board took over.

**Harland and Wolf** - The Titanic was built at the Harland and Wolff shipyard, on Queen's Island, Belfast, Ireland

**The White Star Line** – owners of The RMS Titanic. Was founded in Liverpool by John Pilkington and Henry Wilson in 1845

**Cunard Shipping Company** - a British shipping line which existed between 1934 and 1949

## Key Questions

How have the docks transformed trade and industry in Liverpool?

Can you explain the links Liverpool had with RMS Titanic?

How has The Royal Albert Dock changed over the past 40 years?

What are the different ideas about what caused the Titanic to sink?

## Curriculum Objectives

To compare sources to look at similarities and differences between Liverpool in the past and now

Focus on the docks and how they have changed over time

To identify Liverpool's role in the Titanic

To use different sources to investigate the disaster



United Nations  
Educational, Scientific and  
Cultural Organization

## Key Dates – Albert Dock

Opened - 1846

Abandoned - 1972

Maritime Museum Trial opening - 1980

Redeveloped by The Albert Dock Co - 1983

Maritime Museum fully opened - 1984

Awarded 'Royal' status - 2018

## Other information

**UNESCO** - encourages international peace and universal respect for human rights by promoting collaboration among nations.

**World Heritage site** - Liverpool was awarded the global accolade of World Heritage Site status for its rich inheritance of 19th and early 20th century buildings and its pivotal role in world history - 2004

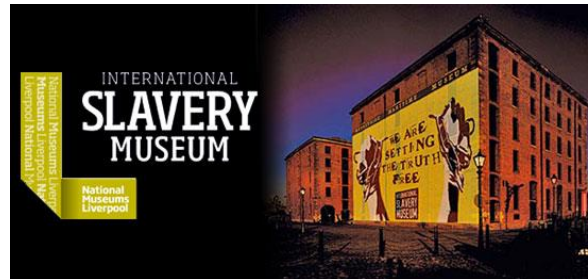
**Battle of the Atlantic** – WWII – The Albert Dock was used as a base for escort vessels.

**Jesse Hartley and Phillip Hardwick** – Designed and built the Albert Dock and the surrounding warehouses.

The Albert Dock was the world's first fireproof warehouse.



The Tate Liverpool



The International Slavery Museum



The Beatles Story



The Pump House



The Maritime Museum

## Key Dates – Albert Dock

Opened - 1846

Abandoned - 1972

Maritime Museum Trial opening - 1980

Redeveloped by The Albert Dock Co - 1983

Maritime Museum fully opened - 1984

Awarded 'Royal' status - 2018



The Three Graces



The Pier Head



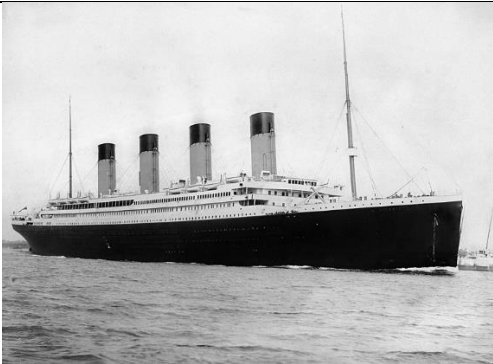
Albert Dock - 1924



Albert Dock 1976 (abandoned)



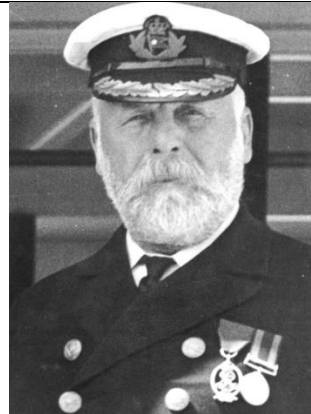
Albert Dock before regeneration work - 1980



RMS *Titanic* departing Southampton  
10 April 1912



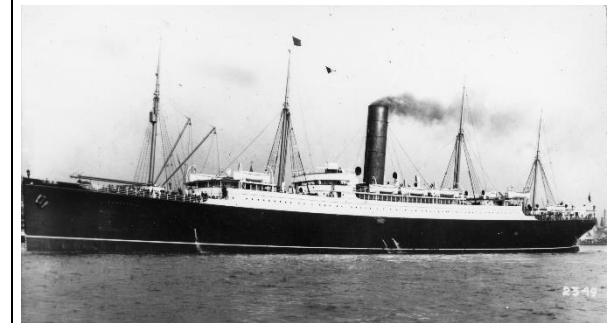
**Joseph Bruce Ismay** was an English businessman who served as chairman and managing director of the White Star Line. In 1912



**Edward John Smith** was the captain of the RMS *Titanic*, and perished when the ship sank on its maiden voyage.



**Thomas Andrews** was the architect who became the principal designer for the RMS *Titanic*



RMS *Carpathia* rescued survivors from the icy water after the *Titanic* sank.

