

Year 1 Geography Knowledge Organiser – Poles

Selected Vocabulary and Definitions

Seasons	There are 4 seasons each year: Autumn, winter, spring and summer.
Autumn	The weather begins to get colder. Leaves start to fall from the trees. Days are shorter; nights are longer.
Winter	The weather is much colder. Many trees have bare branches as leaves have fallen off. Days are the shortest in the year; nights are the longest.
Spring	The weather starts to get warmer. Leaves begin to grow on trees, some have blossom. Daytimes start to get longer.
Summer	The weather gets hotter. The trees are full of leaves. Days are long; nights are short.
Weather	This includes the temperature outside, the wind direction and rain, cloud, snow and sun.

Curriculum Objectives

I can identify seasonal weather patterns in the United Kingdom.

I can identify hot and cold areas of the world.

I can identify the equator.

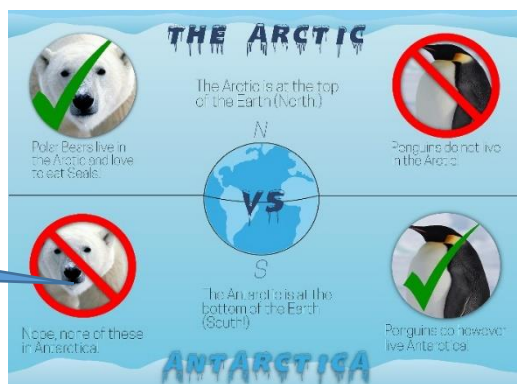
I can identify the North and South Poles.



What are the four seasons?

What is the equator?

Can you name a hot/cold country?



Selected Vocabulary and Definitions

Equator	An imaginary circle around Earth. It divides Earth into two equal parts: the Northern Hemisphere and the Southern Hemisphere. It runs halfway between the North and South poles. The hottest countries are along the equator.
North Pole	The most northern part of the world. Located in the Arctic Ocean. No land at the North Pole. One of the coldest places on Earth.
South Pole	The most southern part of the world. Antarctica is the most southern continent. One of the coldest places on Earth.

